MANAGING DATA PROTECTION IN THE CLOUD COMPUTING WORLD

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DATA PROTECTION OVERVIEW

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MAN BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Business Area

Company

MAN SE

Commercial Vehicles Power Engineering

MAN
Truck & Bus
Revenue 2014: € 8.4 bn

MAN
Latin America
Revenue 2014: € 2.3 bn

MAN
Diesel & Turbo
Revenue 2014: € 3.3 bn

Renk
Revenue 2014:
€ 0.5 bn









MAN Facts

- Since 16 July 2013: part of the Volkswagen Group
- MAN Group: 2014 Revenues: approx. €14.5 bn; approx. 53,000 employees in more than 150 countries
- Nearly 40 colleagues in compliance organisation (local and central)
- Languages used at compliance organisation: German, English, French,
 Portuguese, Spanish, Italian, Danish, Russian, Polish, Chinese, Turkish







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BASIC DATA PROTECTION CONCEPTS

- ➤ With regard to outsourcing: your company is 'data controller' and outsourcing company is 'data processor'. This means that your company is always responsible for what the outsourcing company does.
- Personal data (specific to one individual)
 - This data is subject of the EU Directive 95/46/EC of 1995 and the national laws in the EEA countries. Personal data may also protected by national laws in the countries outside the EEA.
 - Penalties resulting from failure to protect this data are generally of an administrative nature (fines by DP authorities), but there may be civil damages from the individual whose data a company failed to protect.
- Non-personal data (facts & figures about a company's suppliers, customers & business partners without reference to an identifiable individual)
 - This data is usually protected by clauses in your company's contracts with these entities.
 - Penalties resulting from failure to protect this data are usually in the form of civil damages from the companies whose data your company failed to protect.
- The biggest risk for your company in either case: Loss of Reputation!









MANAGING DATA PROTECTION

Policies

- Data protection policy
- Information technology policy

Data protection personnel / specialists

- Data protection officer at highest level
- Data protection coordinators in each company

> Training

 It is not sufficient to train the local specialist: You must train personnel who may work with data from employees, suppliers, & business partners

Interface with IT department

- At top levels: regular contact with the data protection officer
- In subsidiaries: the two departments should work together
- Intervention by the local compliance manager may be needed





WHAT IS THE CLOUD?

- 'The cloud' is space on the Internet (via a server) that is used to store data, operating systems, or programmes.
- > Typical business uses for storing data in the cloud:
 - Back-up, disaster recovery, business continuity
 - Data storage: independently or with an operating system (ex: Salesforce.com)
 - Handheld devices (smartphones or tablets)

Data protection implications:

- The 'data controller' (your company) must assure appropriate security: to prevent both unauthorised access and accidental loss or damage
- When inside the European Economic Area, the data controller must assure that if any data is being transferred outside the EEA:
 - the jurisdiction it is going to has at least the same protection as the EU Directive; or
 - if it is going to the US, the recipient is signed up to the Safe Harbour; or
 - certain other conditions must be met
- One key issue may be where the server is located





JURISDICTIONAL ISSUES

- > Until recently, the assumption has been that the laws of the country where the server is located govern the protection of the data contained therein.
- > The Microsoft Case (In re Warrant to Search Certain E-mail Accounts Controlled and Maintained by Microsoft Corporation)
 - In 2013, the FBI obtained a warrant under the 1986 Stored Communications Act that sought access to personal data (emails) that were stored on Microsoft's servers in Dublin, Ireland. Microsoft refused to produce the emails and challenged the warrant in US courts.
 - Arguments of the U.S.: the warrant is directed at a company located in the USA; what matters is the location of the company directed to produce the emails, not the location of the data itself.
 - Arguments of Microsoft: the warrant should not have extra-territorial reach; this is not a warrant directed at Microsoft's records, but at data stored by Microsoft; the US government should go through proper channels, using its treaty with Ireland.
 - The status: the local magistrate in New York and the US District Court ruled in favour of the US government. The case is now before the US Court of Appeals. Numerous amicus curiae briefs have been filed.





PRIVACY ASPECTS OF OVERSEAS INTERNAL INVESTIGATIONS

BALIUT TOASO DR. MISC

Senior Legal Counsel and Compliance Manager - Trenkwalder









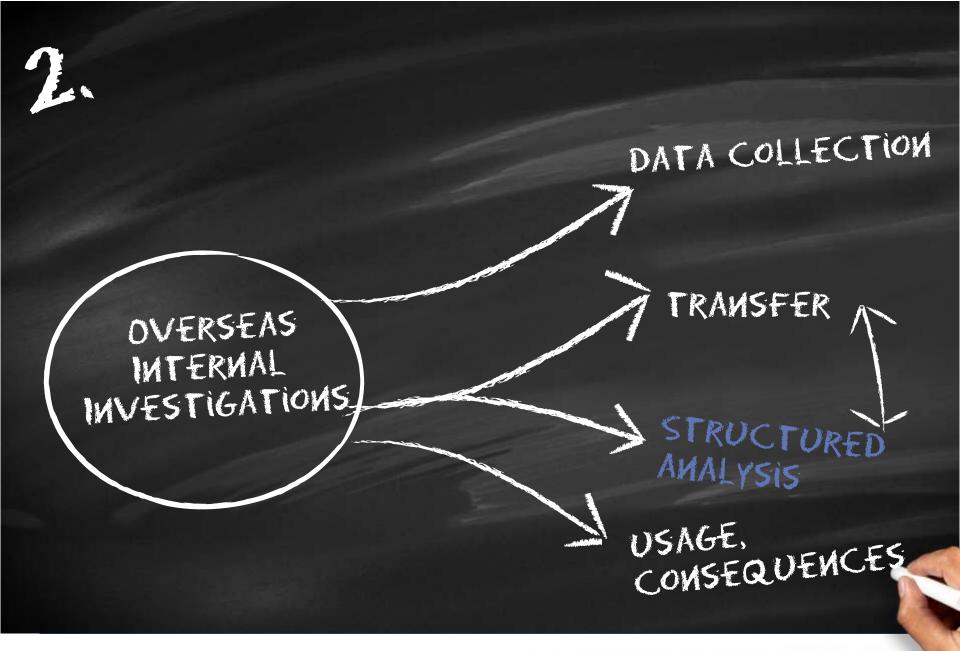




NETWORK PODCASTS WEBLOGS INTERNET FORUMS COMMINITY BLOGGING RSS FEEDS E-MAIL SURVEILLANCE SOCIAL BLOGS MAEDIA VIDEOS PICTURES INTERNET ASHLEY MADISON CCTV HACK LIST BIG DATA

















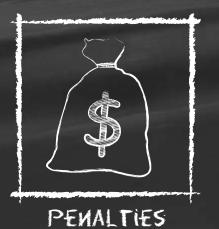


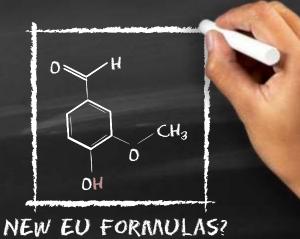
2. FURTHER





































PROS CONS EASY WEAK UNCLEAR FAST SELF-MADE CHEAP





CLOUD & DATA PRIVACY

Michael Scuvée, Director, Global Data Privacy - Johnson Controls



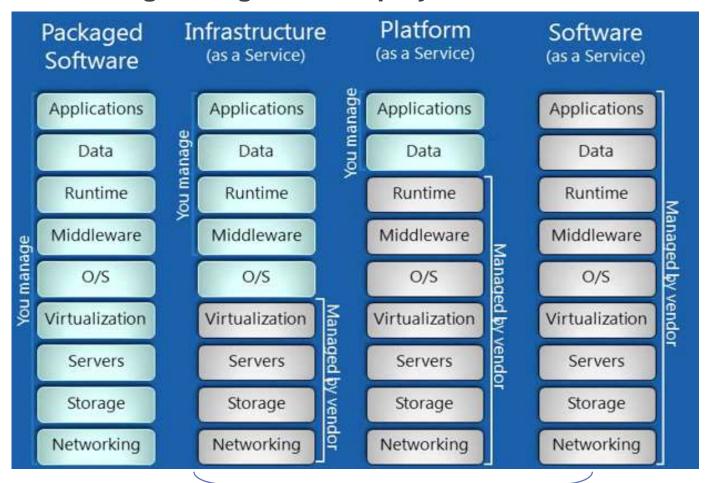






CLOUD MODELS

Distinguishing Cloud Deployment models



Cloud

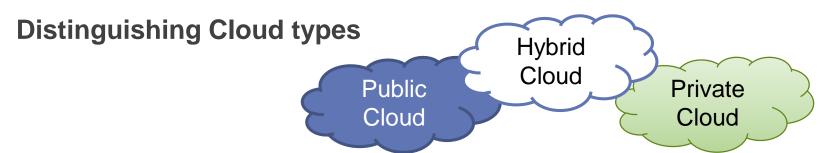








CLOUD MODELS



Scalability	High	High
Data segregation	Multiple tenants infrastructure	Single client environment
Infrastructure	Shared infrastructure	Dedicated infrastructure
Storage Location	Little to no control	Visibility / Contractual guarantees
Cost	Low	Medium / High
Security	Generic	Adapted to company risks – contractually guaranteed
Management burden	Low	Medium / High
Application control	Low: automatic updates	End-to-end control: customization

less

Control

more





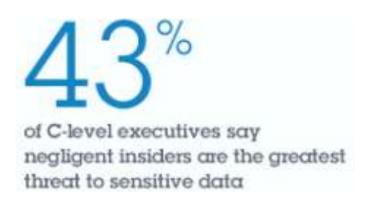




TRAINING & COMMS

Teaching employees about data privacy

- Recognize personal data
 - Any information
 - Relating to
 - Identified or identifiable
 - Natural person
- Recognize sensitive personal data
- General awareness and function specific trainings (HR, IT, finance, legal, procurement...)











WORKING WITH IT

Engaging with IT

- Privacy baked into IT project management processes
- Privacy impact assessments keep it simple
 - Light to low risk projects (typically personal data used for authentication purpose only)
 - Full to medium / high risk projects
- Information classification / hosting / data sensitivity
- Third-party security reviews



You don't know what you don't know!









LABOR RELATIONS

Communicating your 'cloud' projects

- 'Cloud' may have negative connotations: Unknown data location? Government access? Data transferred to the US?
- But cloud often means better security break the myths
- Describe your security and privacy screening processes
- Document and explain the change
- Communicate promptly
- Respect co-determination













LEGAL AND PRIVACY CHALLENGES

Article 29 Working Party opinion WP196:

- Controller processor roles
- The cloud client is responsible as a controller
- Subcontracting contractual safeguards
- International transfers
 - Contractual guarantees about storage location
 - Safe Harbor not addressing cloud-specific security aspects exhaustively

"...complement the commitment of the data importer to the Safe Harbor with additional safeguards taking into account the specific nature of the cloud." article 29 Working Party opinion WP196 – adopted July 1st 2012







CLOUD & DATA PRIVACY

Practical Lessons

- Engage with IT to identify relevant projects
- Run privacy impact assessments
- Carefully select and screen your providers
- Consider WP196 when negotiating contracts with providers
 - Storage location
 - Use of subcontractors
 - Security
 - Choice of legal instruments complement SH with EC Standard contractual clauses or clauses meeting DPA requirements
- Communicate pro-actively and engage with employee reps









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